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Diisopropylammonium 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate

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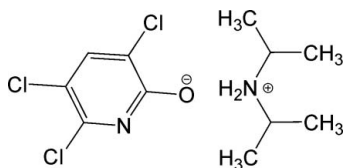
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.082; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.7.

In the title salt, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_5\text{HCl}_3\text{NO}^-$, the cation links to the anion, which is almost planar, through an $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds link two cations and two anions into a centrosymmetric cluster. The atoms involved in the hydrogen bonding form a planar octagonal arrangement in the crystal structure.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Fox *et al.* (2002); Baughman (1989); Fakhraian *et al.* (2004); Zheng, Liu, Li *et al.* (2006); Zheng, Liu, Xu *et al.* (2006a,b).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{16}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_5\text{HCl}_3\text{NO}^-$
 $M_r = 299.63$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.087$ (3) Å
 $b = 11.066$ (3) Å
 $c = 16.389$ (5) Å
 $\beta = 94.540$ (15)°

$V = 1462.1$ (8) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.61$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ (1) K
 $0.39 \times 0.18 \times 0.16$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.794$, $T_{\max} = 0.907$
 14096 measured reflections
 3357 independent reflections
 2081 reflections with $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.081$
 $S = 1.04$
 3357 reflections
 155 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H201}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.96	1.94	2.8803 (15)	166
$\text{N2}-\text{H201}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.96	2.53	3.2556 (16)	133
$\text{N2}-\text{H202}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.96	1.85	2.7424 (16)	152

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *CRYSTALS* (Betteridge *et al.*, 2003); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *CrystalStructure*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WK2076).

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supplementary materials

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Diisopropylammonium 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate

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Comment

Many compounds containing the 3,5,6-trichloro-pyridin-2-ol group have potential bioactivity (Fakhraian *et al.*, 2004; Baughman, 1989; Fox *et al.*, 2002). Similar compounds has been synthesized in our laboratory and some bioactive compounds have been found (Zheng *et al.*, 2006). In a continuation of our work into structure–activity relationships (Zheng, Liu, Xu & Xu, 2006a,b), we obtained a colorless crystalline compound, (I), by mixing sodium 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate with diisopropylammonium chloride, which was crystallized from diethyl ether. In the crystal structure, there are two independent structural units. The diisopropylammonium cation has an N2—C10 distance of 1.5009 (19) Å and a C10—N2—C7 angle of 117.47 (11)° (Table 1). The 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate anion has a C1—O1 distance of 1.2716 (18) Å, which is shorter than normal C—O distance for a smaller covalent radius with Csp^2 . The interesting feature of the crystal structure is the intermolecular hydrogen bonds N2—H201...O1 and N2—H202...O1ⁱ, which link two cations and two anions into a centrosymmetric cluster and form a planar octagon (Table 2 and Fig. 1).

Experimental

Sodium 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate (2.2 g, 10 mmol) was dissolved in the distilled water (30 ml) at 370 K, cooled to room temperature, and diisopropylammonium chloride, which was generated from diisopropylamine (1.8 ml, 12 mmol) with HCl (36%) (2 ml), was added dropwise with stirring for 0.5 h. The solution was extracted with diethyl ether 2 × 15 ml. and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Suitable crystals (m.p. 442–443 K) were obtained from a diethyl ether solution.

Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions, with C—H distances in the range 0.93–0.98 Å and N—H distance of 0.96 Å. All H atoms were refined using a riding model, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}$.

Figures

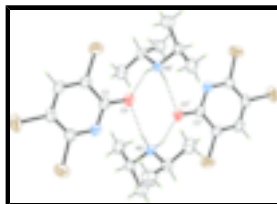


Fig. 1. The centrosymmetric hydrogen-bonded (dashed lines) cluster in (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme and 40% probability displacement ellipsoids. [Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.]

Diisopropylammonium 3,5,6-trichloropyridin-2-olate

Crystal data

$C_6H_{16}N^+ \cdot C_5HCl_3NO^-$	$F_{000} = 624.00$
$M_r = 299.63$	$D_x = 1.361 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Melting point: 443 K
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.087 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71075 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 11.066 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 10937 reflections
$c = 16.389 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.1\text{--}27.5^\circ$
$\beta = 94.540 (15)^\circ$	$\mu = 0.61 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1462.1 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 298 (1) \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Block, colorless
	$0.39 \times 0.18 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID diffractometer	2081 reflections with $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$
Detector resolution: $10.00 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.794$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.907$	$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
14096 measured reflections	$l = -21 \rightarrow 21$
3357 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	$w = 1/[0.0002F_o^2 + \sigma(F_o^2)]/(4F_o^2)$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
$wR(F^2) = 0.081$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3357 reflections	Extinction correction: Larson (1970), equation 22
155 parameters	Extinction coefficient: 143 (15)
H-atom parameters constrained	

Special details

Refinement. Refinement using all reflections. The weighted R -factor (wR) and goodness of fit (S) are based on F^2 . R -factor (gt) are based on F . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2.0 \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factor (gt).

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.39967 (6)	0.13293 (4)	0.40436 (3)	0.08518 (18)
Cl2	0.05102 (6)	-0.02373 (5)	0.65045 (3)	0.08680 (17)
Cl3	0.06254 (8)	0.24633 (5)	0.71793 (4)	0.1034 (2)
O1	0.36820 (13)	0.36964 (9)	0.49068 (6)	0.0604 (3)
N1	0.22849 (16)	0.29782 (11)	0.59411 (9)	0.0566 (4)
N2	0.37423 (14)	0.57219 (10)	0.60126 (6)	0.0469 (3)
C1	0.30288 (18)	0.28003 (12)	0.52456 (10)	0.0498 (4)
C2	0.30287 (19)	0.16000 (13)	0.49307 (10)	0.0529 (4)
C3	0.2269 (2)	0.06825 (13)	0.53135 (11)	0.0595 (5)
C4	0.1497 (2)	0.09140 (13)	0.60194 (10)	0.0573 (4)
C5	0.1557 (2)	0.20776 (14)	0.62985 (10)	0.0573 (5)
C6	0.5796 (2)	0.46023 (17)	0.68652 (12)	0.0771 (6)
C7	0.4207 (2)	0.53190 (13)	0.68790 (9)	0.0561 (4)
C8	0.4384 (2)	0.63777 (17)	0.74638 (11)	0.0780 (6)
C9	0.0708 (2)	0.58893 (18)	0.60955 (12)	0.0764 (6)
C10	0.2255 (2)	0.65272 (13)	0.58681 (10)	0.0570 (4)
C11	0.2132 (2)	0.69139 (17)	0.49810 (11)	0.0742 (6)
H3	0.2274	-0.0097	0.5101	0.071*
H7	0.3333	0.4784	0.7051	0.067*
H10	0.2433	0.7245	0.6214	0.068*
H61	0.6635	0.5111	0.6664	0.091*
H62	0.5625	0.3911	0.6515	0.092*
H63	0.6146	0.4340	0.7410	0.092*
H81	0.3347	0.6800	0.7466	0.093*
H82	0.4713	0.6094	0.8006	0.093*
H83	0.5216	0.6914	0.7286	0.093*
H91	-0.0234	0.6409	0.5988	0.093*
H92	0.0557	0.5167	0.5774	0.092*
H93	0.0819	0.5681	0.6666	0.093*
H111	0.1926	0.6214	0.4642	0.088*
H112	0.3152	0.7287	0.4854	0.088*
H113	0.1237	0.7479	0.4883	0.088*
H201	0.3549	0.5015	0.5680	0.056*
H202	0.4689	0.6125	0.5820	0.057*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.1051 (4)	0.0724 (3)	0.0820 (3)	-0.0167 (2)	0.0323 (2)	-0.0223 (2)
Cl2	0.1076 (4)	0.0690 (3)	0.0828 (3)	-0.0353 (2)	0.0014 (2)	0.0219 (2)
Cl3	0.1362 (5)	0.0953 (4)	0.0860 (4)	-0.0262 (3)	0.0534 (3)	-0.0126 (2)
O1	0.0653 (7)	0.0426 (5)	0.0749 (7)	-0.0111 (5)	0.0165 (5)	0.0024 (5)
N1	0.0615 (8)	0.0436 (7)	0.0654 (9)	-0.0082 (6)	0.0109 (6)	-0.0044 (6)
N2	0.0512 (7)	0.0390 (6)	0.0509 (7)	-0.0053 (5)	0.0052 (5)	-0.0037 (5)

supplementary materials

C1	0.0464 (8)	0.0419 (8)	0.0603 (10)	-0.0055 (6)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C2	0.0559 (9)	0.0458 (8)	0.0570 (9)	-0.0060 (7)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0039 (7)
C3	0.0691 (10)	0.0399 (8)	0.0675 (11)	-0.0095 (7)	-0.0064 (8)	-0.0031 (7)
C4	0.0622 (10)	0.0498 (9)	0.0582 (10)	-0.0147 (7)	-0.0059 (8)	0.0108 (8)
C5	0.0611 (10)	0.0559 (9)	0.0552 (10)	-0.0084 (8)	0.0063 (8)	0.0022 (7)
C6	0.0878 (13)	0.0710 (11)	0.0703 (12)	0.0083 (10)	-0.0086 (10)	0.0142 (10)
C7	0.0666 (10)	0.0507 (8)	0.0511 (9)	-0.0089 (7)	0.0052 (7)	0.0077 (7)
C8	0.1041 (15)	0.0719 (12)	0.0562 (10)	-0.0103 (10)	-0.0058 (10)	-0.0070 (9)
C9	0.0577 (11)	0.0899 (13)	0.0834 (13)	0.0033 (9)	0.0158 (9)	-0.0142 (11)
C10	0.0581 (9)	0.0469 (8)	0.0652 (10)	0.0045 (7)	-0.0003 (8)	-0.0107 (7)
C11	0.0690 (12)	0.0679 (11)	0.0833 (13)	0.0045 (9)	-0.0092 (10)	0.0105 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C2	1.7310 (17)	C6—H62	0.960
C12—C4	1.7297 (17)	C6—H63	0.960
C13—C5	1.7337 (18)	C7—C8	1.513 (2)
O1—C1	1.2716 (18)	C7—H7	0.980
N1—C1	1.345 (2)	C8—H81	0.960
N1—C5	1.318 (2)	C8—H82	0.960
N2—C7	1.5072 (18)	C8—H83	0.960
N2—C10	1.5009 (19)	C9—C10	1.508 (2)
N2—H201	0.959	C9—H91	0.960
N2—H202	0.961	C9—H92	0.960
C1—C2	1.425 (2)	C9—H93	0.960
C2—C3	1.365 (2)	C10—C11	1.511 (2)
C3—C4	1.382 (2)	C10—H10	0.980
C3—H3	0.930	C11—H111	0.960
C4—C5	1.366 (2)	C11—H112	0.960
C6—C7	1.512 (2)	C11—H113	0.960
C6—H61	0.960		
C1—N1—C5	120.76 (13)	N2—C7—C8	111.82 (12)
C7—N2—C10	117.47 (11)	N2—C7—H7	108.5
C7—N2—H201	108.2	C6—C7—C8	112.20 (14)
C7—N2—H202	107.5	C6—C7—H7	108.7
C10—N2—H201	107.6	C8—C7—H7	108.6
C10—N2—H202	108.8	C7—C8—H81	109.9
H201—N2—H202	106.8	C7—C8—H82	109.8
O1—C1—N1	119.02 (13)	C7—C8—H83	108.7
O1—C1—C2	123.84 (14)	H81—C8—H82	109.5
N1—C1—C2	117.14 (13)	H81—C8—H83	109.5
C11—C2—C1	118.58 (12)	H82—C8—H83	109.5
C11—C2—C3	120.48 (12)	C10—C9—H91	109.7
C1—C2—C3	120.93 (15)	C10—C9—H92	109.0
C2—C3—C4	119.79 (14)	C10—C9—H93	109.7
C2—C3—H3	120.1	H91—C9—H92	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.1	H91—C9—H93	109.5
C12—C4—C3	120.26 (12)	H92—C9—H93	109.5
C12—C4—C5	123.09 (13)	N2—C10—C9	110.68 (12)

C3—C4—C5	116.66 (14)	N2—C10—C11	108.09 (13)
C13—C5—N1	115.00 (12)	N2—C10—H10	108.1
C13—C5—C4	120.30 (13)	C9—C10—C11	112.20 (14)
N1—C5—C4	124.70 (15)	C9—C10—H10	108.9
C7—C6—H61	108.8	C11—C10—H10	108.8
C7—C6—H62	110.2	C10—C11—H111	108.9
C7—C6—H63	109.4	C10—C11—H112	109.8
H61—C6—H62	109.5	C10—C11—H113	109.7
H61—C6—H63	109.5	H111—C11—H112	109.5
H62—C6—H63	109.5	H111—C11—H113	109.5
N2—C7—C6	106.86 (13)	H112—C11—H113	109.5
C1—N1—C5—C13	-178.90 (11)	N1—C1—C2—C11	-179.19 (11)
C1—N1—C5—C4	0.7 (2)	N1—C1—C2—C3	1.5 (2)
C5—N1—C1—O1	178.24 (13)	C11—C2—C3—C4	-179.77 (12)
C5—N1—C1—C2	-1.6 (2)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (2)
C7—N2—C10—C9	-62.42 (16)	C2—C3—C4—C12	179.30 (12)
C7—N2—C10—C11	174.34 (12)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.5 (2)
C10—N2—C7—C6	-176.04 (12)	C12—C4—C5—C13	0.2 (2)
C10—N2—C7—C8	-52.90 (18)	C12—C4—C5—N1	-179.41 (12)
O1—C1—C2—C11	1.0 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C13	179.98 (9)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-178.36 (14)	C3—C4—C5—N1	0.4 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N2—H201 \cdots O1	0.96	1.94	2.8803 (15)	166
N2—H201 \cdots N1	0.96	2.53	3.2556 (16)	133
N2—H202 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.96	1.86	2.7424 (16)	152

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

